

# THE JOY OF SOWING SEEDS

BY

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# Introduction and Nomenclature

# GERANIUM OR PELAGONIUM?

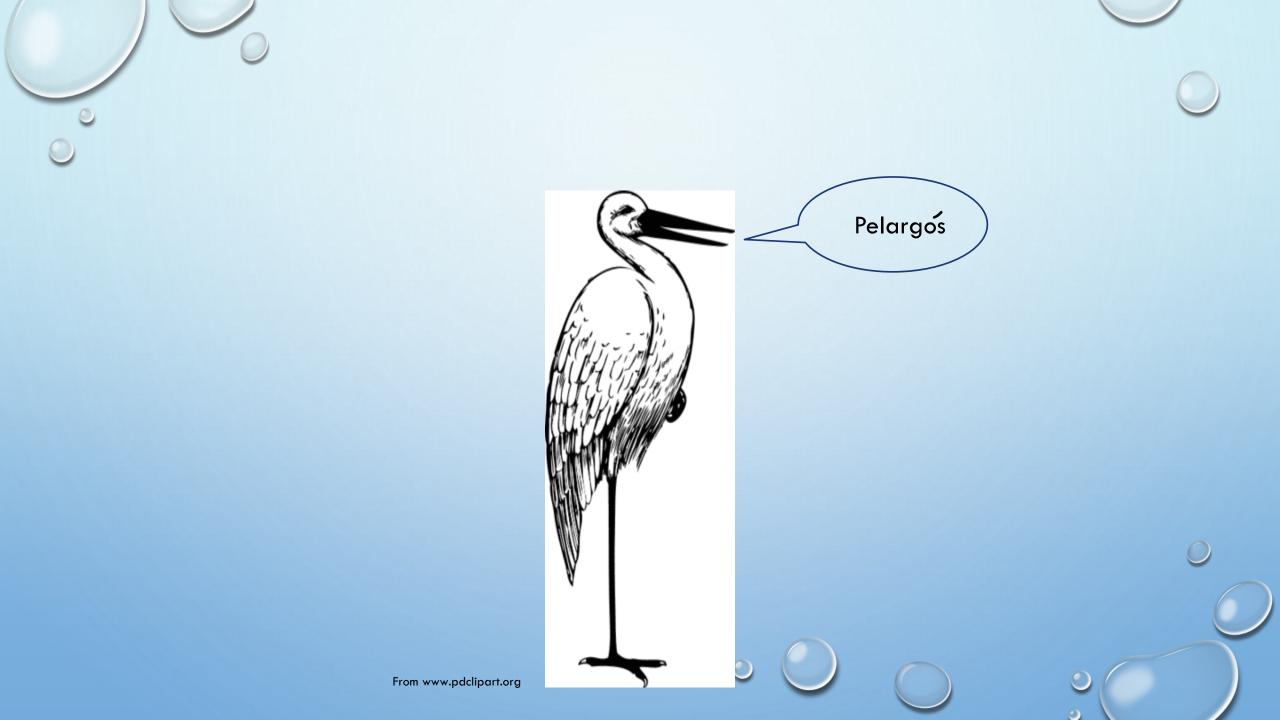


# HARDY PERENNIAL CRANESBILL



Photos by V. Shipp









### PELAGONIUMS





Pelargonium x hortorum (zonal)

# APPLEBLOSSOM HYBRID



### PINTO PREMIUM LAVENDER



# **GETTING STARTED**

- Use any clean, empty plastic container
- Puncture holes in bottom
  Keep hinged lids for time being





 Soiless mixture of sphagnum peat moss and perlite

### **GETTING STARTED**





# **GETTING STARTED**

#### INGREDIENTS

 This product is formulated from sphagnum peat moss, perlite, fertilizer (see below) and a wetting agent.

 In Georgia this product is formulated from 85-95% sphagnum peat moss, perlite, fertilizer (see below) and a wetting agent.

 NET WEIGHT 2.8 lb (1.27 kg)

 ® Seed Starting Potting Mix 0.03-0.03-0.03

 GUARANTEED ANALYSIS
 F 1144

 Total nitrogen (N)
 0.03%

 0.015% ammoniacal nitrogen
 0.03%

 0.015% nitrate nitrogen
 0.03%

Soluble potash (K<sub>2</sub>O) ..... 0.03% Derived from: ammonium nitrate, ammonium phosphate, calcium

phosphate and potassium sulfate.

Information regarding the contents and levels of metals in this product is available on the Internet at http://www.regulatory-info-sc.com

- Nitrogen promotes growth and enables chlorophyll production in dark, green leaves
  - ✓ Necessary for photosynthesis
- Phosphorus promotes early, rapid root growth and blooming
  - ✓ Improves water uptake by roots
  - ✓ Helps store and transfer energy
  - $\checkmark$  Is essential in DNA
- Potassium (or potash) promotes stronger growth and development
  - ✓ Helps plants fight disease
  - ✓ Makes plants more winter-hardy

# ELEMENTS AND NUTRIENTS PLANTS NEED

Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), water (H<sub>2</sub>O) and oxygen (O<sub>2</sub>)

✓ Plants take in nutrients through root hairs

✓ Three most important major elements:

✓ Nitrogen, Phosphorus and Potassium = NPK

✓ Also needed are Calcium, Magnesium and Sulphur = Ca, Mg and S

### GERMINATION

Seed coat receives water to initiate embryonic growth

✓ Key environmental conditions for growth:

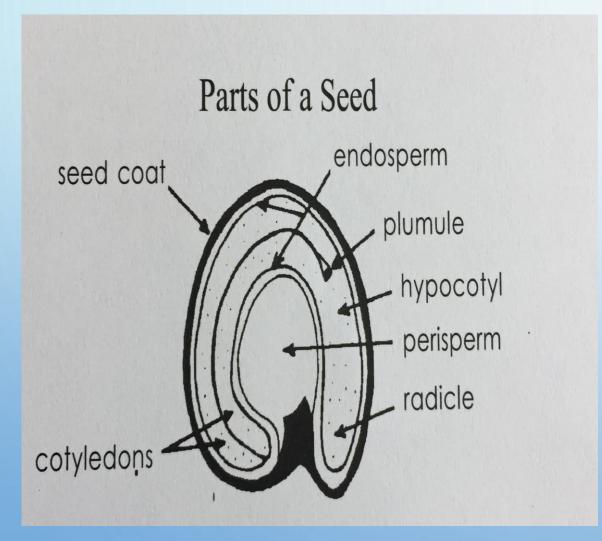
√Oxygen

✓ Favorable temperature

✓Water

✓ Light (not all seeds require light for germination)

# SO, WHAT IS A SEED?



The embryo is a miniature plant in a dormant state

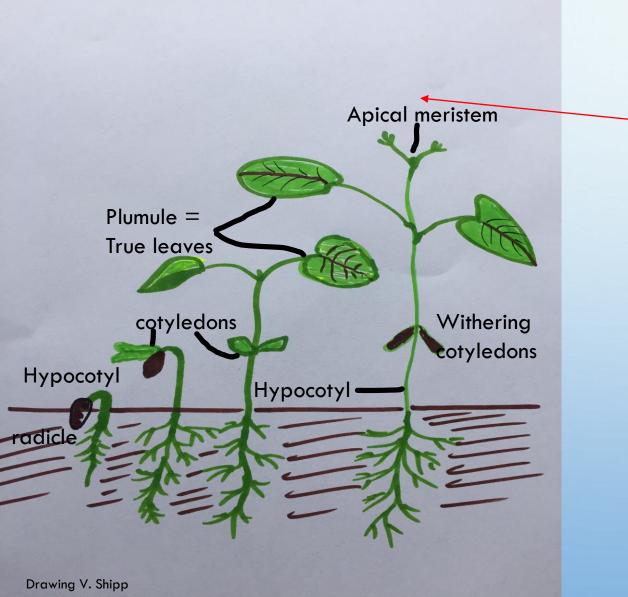
and

### the seed or mature ovule is made up of 7 parts

and

Not all seeds are the same size

# PARTS OF A SEED AND HOW IT GROWS



- Apical meristem is where the active growth cells are located between the xylem and phloem.
- This tissue will increase the stem's girth as it produces the xylem and phloem



Seeds planted on January 31st, 2019

✓ Water planter before planting seeds
 ✓ Pick up seeds with tweezers if small
 ✓ Lay seeds on top of soil
 ✓ Toothpicks placed to identify positions
 ✓ Place container on a heat pad (24/7)
 ✓ Close lid at night
 ✓ Place in a sunny location during the day



✓ There are 11 seeds in each container

- ✓ The radicle has come out of the seed to enter the soil and the hypocotyl is just emerging
- $\checkmark$  Remember to keep the soil moist.

✓ Seedlings have first set of leaves called

DAY 7

cotyledons

#### Photo by V. Shipp

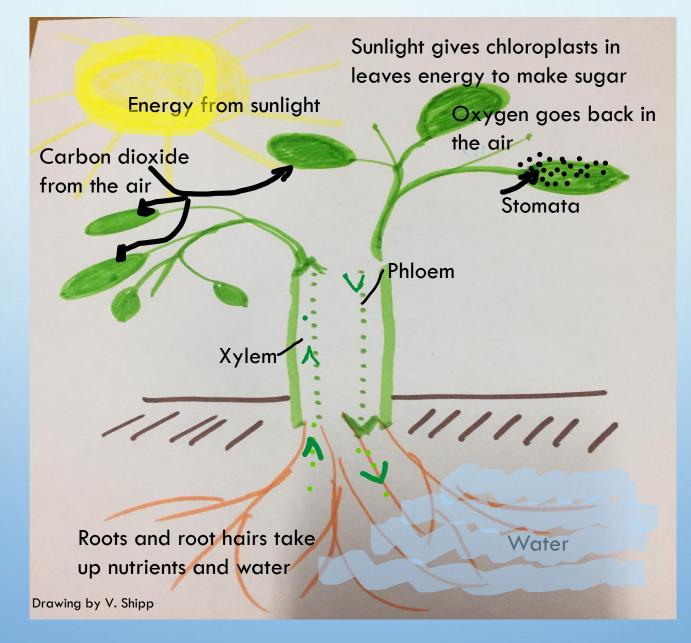


Photo by V. Shipp

# DAY 14

#### ✓ Third leaves are appearing

# WHAT IS PHOTOSYNTHESIS?





 Seedlings now have four leaves, two
 cotyledons and two
 true leaves

You can see how the cotyledons are not the same as the true leaves

#### ✓ Fifth leaf appearing with marking of pelagonium





# POTTING MIX



### POTTING SOIL WITH AN INCREASED NPK OF .21/.11/.16



# POTTING UP THE SEEDLINGS

Separate the seedlings carefully
 Use an old knife to cut the soil into
 "squares"



# POTTING UP

✓ March 2<sup>nd</sup>, 31<sup>st</sup> day of their lives
 ✓ Put them into 3" clean, plastic pots



# POTTING UP

 ✓ Make a hole in the center of the pot larger than the "square"
 ✓ Insert the seedling and press soil
 firmly around it
 ✓ Write the labels





### ALL POTTED UP



### ✓ 22 pots of 5 leafed seedlings

 Keep in bright light, but out of direct sunlight

Photo by V. Shipp

### MIXING FERTILIZER

✓Old Brita filter jugs make good containers



Photo V. Shipp

Fertilizer

✓ Use ¼ teaspoon to 1 gallon
instead of 1 teaspoon
✓ Use this diluted mixture every other
time seedlings are watered

NPK OF 24/8/16





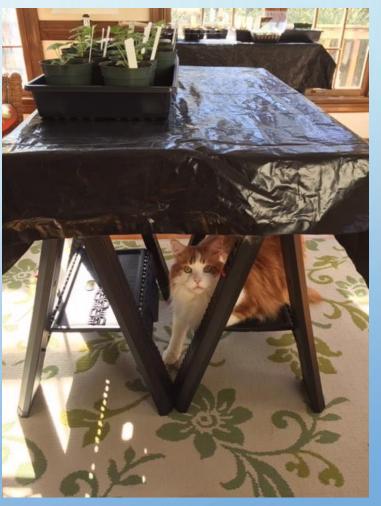
xpert Gardener<sup>®</sup> All-Purpose Water Soluble Plan uickly and completely when mixed with water. lant to feed through both its roots and leaves, p esults and strong plant growth.

Expert Gardener All-Purpose Wate	r Soluble Plan	t Foo
GUARANTEED ANALYSIS Total Nitrogen (N) 3.5% Ammoniacal Nitrogen	. 24.00%	
Available Phosphate (P205)	8.00%	
Soluble Potash (K <sub>2</sub> 0)	0.02%	Derive
Copper (Cu) 0.07% Water Soluble Copper (Cu) Iron (Fe)		Mono Potas Phos Sulfa
0.15% Chelated Iron Manganese (Mn)		Sodi
0.05% Chelated Manganese (Mn) Molybdenum (Mo) Zinc (Zn) 0.06% Water Soluble Zinc (Zn)	0.0005% 0.06%	Info and is av http
0.00/0 Hater Joiuble Line (Lin)		

#### **KEEP OUT OF REACH OF**

- ✓ Seedlings now have 6 leaves and are looking healthy
- ✓ Our 26 lb Maine Coon is keeping an eye on them!

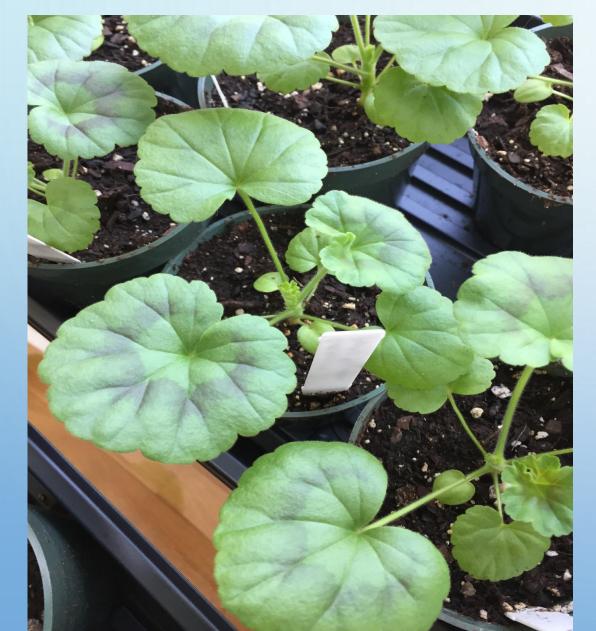




- ✓ March 17<sup>th</sup> Seventh leaf
- Remember to keep the soil moist to the touch
- Have been watering with the reduced fertilizer



Photo by V. Shipp



✓ Young plants doing very well

 The zonal markings are beginning to appear on more of the leaves

 The ninth leaf is appearing at the apical meristem

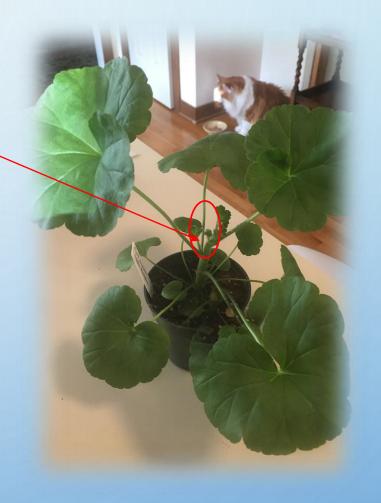
 $\checkmark$  The cotyledons are still there

- Plants are growing so quickly now with the tenth leaf appearing
- After last frost (~ April 15<sup>th</sup>) move outside during the day to harden off for a few hours in shade



Flower bud

From day 7 to day 82 Just 75 days!









- Presentation information taken from:
- Master Gardener Hand Manual
- <u>www.wikipedia.org</u>
- www.ssec.si.edu
- Drawing of stork from www.pdclipart.org